

RGS03366.1-AB

21 July 2023

Coast Building Company PO Box 24 WINGHAM NSW 2429

Delivered via email to: <u>info@coastbuilding.com.au</u>

Attention: Michael Kucinski

Dear Michael

RE: 80 Seabreeze Parade, Green Point (Lot 40 DP31825)

Geotechnical Site Classification for Proposed Residential Dwelling

1 INTRODUCTION

Regional Geotechnical Solutions Pty Ltd (RGS) has undertaken a geotechnical site classification for a proposed dwelling to be located at 80 Seabreeze Parade, Green Point (Lot 40 DP31825). The purpose of the geotechnical assessment was to provide a site classification in accordance with AS2870-2011 Residential Slabs and Footings, to assist in the design of the footings for the proposed building.

No detailed site plan has been provided. In providing this report and site classification it has been assumed that the performance expectations of AS2870-2011 are acceptable for the proposed structure.

2 METHODOLOGY

Fieldwork for the assessment was undertaken by a Senior Technical Officer and Geotechnician from RGS on 20 June 2023 and included the following:

- Observation of site features and surrounding features relevant to the geotechnical conditions of the site;
- Logging and sampling of two boreholes within the proposed building footprint;
- Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) testing undertaken at one additional location; and
- Collection of samples for subsequent laboratory testing.

Engineering logs of the boreholes are attached. Test locations are shown on the attached Figure 1.

The test results are attached.

3 SITE CONDITIONS

The site is situated within a region of moderately to steeply sloping terrain that grades down to low lying areas beside Wallis Lake. The site is located on the lower eastern facing side of a prominent high point and associated ridgeline on the eastern side of Wallis Lake that contains the Green Point residential area.

The property occupies approximately 841m² and is bordered by other residential lots and Seabreeze Parade on the western side which provides access. The site was occupied by an old shed, concrete driveway, concrete slabs, fencing, old retaining walls and piers associated with previous structures. Reference to historical imagery shows that a dwelling previously existed on the western end of the site that has since been removed.

Areas of fill containing concrete rubble, bricks, and tyres are evident above a retaining wall. A stockpile of old building rubbish is evident on part of the site and a stockpile of tree limbs and organic matter was evident nearby the southern boundary. Vegetation comprised grass and trees that ranged from 6 – 20m in height. The slopes at the site have been modified by earthworks associated with the road construction and the previous building. The slopes to the east at between 18 to 20 degrees on the upper portion, between 5 to 13 degrees on the mid-section and at 2 to 5 degrees on the lower end. The site drains by a combination of minor infiltration and surface runoff.

An image of the site taken from Google Maps showing the location of the site and the site setting is reproduced below.



Aerial image from Google Maps of subject site showing the approximate site boundary in red outline.

Typical site photographs are presented below.



The site is underlain by the Boolambayte Formation which comprises sandstone, siltstone, mudstone, pebble conglomerate and minor limestone. These materials are typically overlain by residual clay soils derived from these rock types.

The subsurface profile encountered within the boreholes is summarised in Table 1.

Material	Makerial Description	Depth to base of Material Unit (m)					
Name	Material Description	BH1	BH2				
Topsoil	Sandy Silty CLAY/ Sandy Clayey SILT, low plasticity, soft to firm	0.15	0.2				
Slopewash	Sandy CLAY, medium plasticity, stiff	0.25					
Colluvium	Sandy Clayey SILT/ Sandy SILT, soft to firm		0.7				
Residual	CLAY, medium to high plasticity, stiff	0.6	1.3				
Extremely Weathered Siltstone	Clayey GRAVEL, fine to coarse grained, dense to very dense	≥0.7*	≥1.5*				
Note: ≥	Indicates that base of material layer was not encountered		1				

Indicates that the material was not encountered at the test location

indicates that the test was terminated due to practical refusal of tungsten carbide drill bit

Groundwater was not encountered in the boreholes. Groundwater levels fluctuate because of seasonal variations, temperature, rainfall and other similar factors, the influence of which may not have been apparent at the time of the assessment.



High moisture content was encountered in the colluvial soil encountered at BH2 and soil at that location was soft.

Laboratory testing on a representative sample of residual clay from BH2 (0.75 – 1.2m) indicates that the material has a shrink-swell index of 3.1%.

4 SITE CLASSIFICATION

The site classification presented herein is provided on the basis that the performance expectations of AS2870-2011 are acceptable. In assessing the estimated characteristic surface movement (ys) values the following has been adopted:

- Depth of design suction change of Hs=1.5m;
- Crack depth multiplication factor of 0.5;
- Change in suction at design surface level of $\Delta u=1.2$;
- Adopted shrink-swell index of 3.1% for the residual clay soils at the site;
- There are trees located on the subject property and neighbouring properties within the zone of influence to the proposed building footprint.
- Footings will extend through any uncontrolled fill to found in natural stiff clay soil.

The site is classified as **Class P** due to the presence of uncontrolled fill on the western end of the lot, low bearing capacity soils, nearby trees which may cause abnormal moisture conditions and existing footings that will cause disturbance to the site if removed. In accordance with AS2870-2011, residential footings on Class P sites must be designed in accordance with engineering principles based on specific site conditions.

Based on the above, the estimated shrink-swell related characteristic free surface movement for the estimated building footprint is up to **40mm**, similar to a Class M site. Additional shrink / swell related characteristic free surface movement (Yt) from the drying effects of nearby trees has been calculated and included in the total surface movement.

The founding of structures in differing materials is not recommended as differential movements, including shrink-swell related movements and settlement related movements can result in damage to the building. These movements can be accommodated by extending all footings to found within weathered rock.

Shrink-swell related movements can be affected by alterations to the soil profile by cutting and filling, and by the suction related effects of trees close to the building area. The effects of any such cutting, filling, tree planting, or tree removal should be taken into account when selecting design values for differential movement across the building.

The planting of trees and shrubs in the vicinity of the building will affect the moisture profile in the vicinity of the footings. Trees or shrubs should not be planted within a distance from the building equivalent to 1 times the height of the tree, measured from the nearest footing. Garden beds directly adjacent to footings will cause abnormal moisture conditions under the footings and should also be avoided.

If further site re-grading works are undertaken at the site, reclassification may be required.



5 FOOTINGS, CONSTRUCTION AND SITE MAINTENANCE CONSIDERATIONS

All structural footings should be founded as follows:

- All footings should be founded in residual clay or on weathered rock below all topsoil, slopewash, colluvial soil, uncontrolled fill and disturbed areas;
- Footings founded within residual clay of at least stiff strength (Su ≥ 50) can be designed on the basis of a maximum allowable base bearing pressure of 100kPa;
- Footings founded on weathered rock may be designed based on a maximum allowable bearing pressure of **400kPa**;
- All footings, edge beams and internal beams should be founded on similar materials and outside or below the zones of influence resulting from existing or future service trenches and other subsurface structures;
- Site drainage associated with the proposed development should be designed to avoid concentrated flows in the vicinity of any proposed cuttings and foundations and to discharge water to the drainage system in a controlled manner that limits erosion.
- The soils and rocks in the Green Point area are prone to fretting and softening on exposure to air and water. It is therefore recommended that concrete be poured as soon as possible after footing excavation. If wet weather or ground water inflows occur prior to pouring of concrete, the base of footing excavations should be checked for the presence of loose or softened material, which should be removed prior to pouring concrete.
- Earthworks may result in parts of the building being founded on or close to weathered rock and other parts on residual clay soils. In this case the building should be designed to allow for the predicted differential shrink-swell related movement or all footings extended to found on weathered rock.
- Any foundations located within areas where tree removals, earthworks or demolition works have previously been carried out or will occur in the future will need to be taken through the disturbed ground to be founded on the undisturbed natural ground beneath. All organic root material should be removed from within the building footprint.
- Where lot filling works are proposed, all fill for the support of structures should be placed and compacted in accordance with the recommendations outlined in AS3798-2007 Guidelines on Earthworks for Residential and Commercial Developments, under Level 1 supervision, for it to be considered Controlled Fill as defined in AS2870-2011. The founding of structures on fill that is not placed in accordance with Level 1 requirements is not recommended.

Site maintenance must comply with the recommendations and advice provided in CSIRO Sheet BTF18 "Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowners Guide "a copy of which is which is available from the CSIRO website <u>http://www.publish.csiro.au/pid/7076.htm</u>

6 LIMITATIONS

This report comprises the results of an investigation carried out for a specific purpose and client as defined in the document. The report should not be used by other parties or for purposes or projects other than those assumed and stated within the report, as it may not contain adequate or appropriate information for applications other than those assumed or advised at the time of its preparation. The contents of the report are for the sole use of the client and no responsibility or



liability will be accepted to any third party. The report should not be reproduced either in part or in full, without the express permission of Regional Geotechnical Solutions Pty Ltd.

Geotechnical site investigation is based on data collection, judgment, experience, and opinion. By its nature, it is less exact than other engineering disciplines. The findings presented in this report and used as the basis for the recommendations presented herein were obtained using normal, industry accepted geotechnical design practises and standards. To our knowledge, they represent a reasonable interpretation of the general condition of the site. Under no circumstances, however, can it be considered that these findings represent the actual state of the site at all points.

The recommended depth and properties of any soil, rock, groundwater, or other material referred to in this report is an engineering estimate based on the information available at the time of its writing. The estimate is influenced and limited by the fieldwork method and testing carried out in the site investigation, and other relevant information as has been made available. In cases where information has been provided to Regional Geotechnical Solutions for the purposes of preparing this report it has been assumed that the information is accurate and appropriate for such use. No responsibility is accepted by Regional Geotechnical Solutions for inaccuracies within any data supplied by others.

If site conditions encountered during construction vary significantly from those discussed in this report, Regional Geotechnical Solutions Pty Ltd should be contacted for further advice.

This report alone should not be used by contractors as the basis for preparation of tender documents or project estimates. Contractors using this report as a basis for preparation of tender documents should avail themselves of all relevant background information regarding the site before deciding on selection of construction materials and equipment.

If you have any questions regarding this project, or require any additional consultations, please contact the undersigned.

For and on behalf of Regional Geotechnical Solutions Pty Ltd

Prepared by

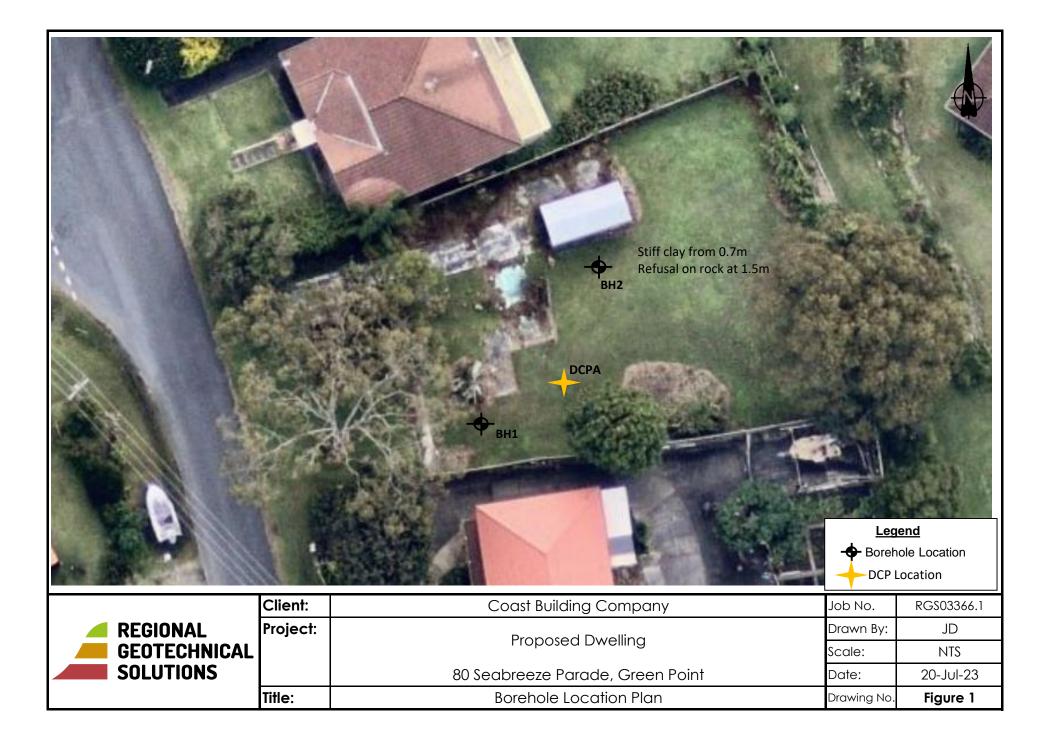
James Dowling Senior Technical Officer

Reviewed by

Maracer_

Adam Holzhauser Principal Geotechnical Engineer

Attachments: Figure 1 – Borehole Location Plan Borehole Logs Laboratory Test Result Sheet



				E	NGI	NEE	RING LOG - BOREHOLE			B	ORE	EHOLE	E NO: BH1
REGIONAL GEOTECHNICAL							Coast Building Company			P	AGE	Ξ:	1 of 1
2		SOLUTIO			ROJEC	CT NA	ME: Proposed Dwelling			J	ОΒΙ	NO:	RGS03366.1
				S	ITE LC	CATI	ON: 80 Seabreeze Parade, Green	point		L	.OGG	GED B	SY: JD
				т	EST L	OCAT	ION: Refer to Figure 1			D	OATE	:	20/6/23
DRILL TYPE: RGS Ute Mounted Drill Rig EASTING: SURFACE RL:													
во	BOREHOLE DIAMETER: 100 mm INCLINATION: 90° NORTHING: DATUM:									AHD			
	Dril	ling and Sar	mpling I	-		-	Material description and profile inforr	nation			Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (Not measured	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, characteristics,colour,minor co		MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
AD/T	Not Encountered			-		CL	TOPSOIL: Sandy Silty CLAY low p brown, sand fine to medium grained fine to medium grained.						TOPSOIL
	Not Enc			0.2		CI	0.15m Sandy CLAY: medium plasticity, p sand fine to medium grained.	ale brown, brown,	 ∧	St	HP	140	SLOPEWASH — — — — — —
				-		СН	CLAY: medium to high plasticity, b orange brown, grey with some sand grained, trace of gravel fine to medi	fine to medium	M > W	VSt	HP	200	RESIDUAL — — — — — — — —
				0.4							ΗP	220	
				-							ΗP	250	
				0. <u>6</u> -		GC	Clayey GRAVEL: fine to coarse gr grey, blue grey, clay medium plasti 0.70m sand fine to medium grained.		M	D to VD	-		EXTREMELY WEATHERED SILTSTONE
				0.8	70000		Hole Terminated at 0.70 m Practical refusal on Rock						
				-									
				1.0									
				-									
				1.2									
				-									
				1.4	-								
				- 1.6									
				-									
				1.8									
LEC Wat				-									
LEG	SEND:			Notes, Sa	nples an	d Tests	<u> </u>	Consiste				CS (kPa	
	Wat (Dat - Wat	ter Level te and time s ter Inflow ter Outflow	hown)	U₅₀ CBR E ASS B	Bulk s Enviro Acid S	ample nmenta	ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample Soil Sample	S S F I St S VSt V H I	Very Soft Soft Firm Stiff Very Stiff Hard Friable		25 50 10 20	25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	
	G tra D	radational or ansitional stra efinitive or dia rata change		Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	Photoi Dynan	nic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	Density	V L MC D VD	L N D	ery Lo oose lediun ense ery De	n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%

Γ				E	NGI	NEE	RING LOG - BOREHOLE			В	ORE	HOLI	E NO: BH2
GEOTECHNICAL CLIENT:											AGE	:	1 of 1
					ROJEC	ROJECT NAME: Proposed Dwelling				J	ов і	NO:	RGS03366.1
SITE LOCATION: 80 S							ON: 80 Seabreeze Parade, Greenpoint			L	OGC	GED E	BY: JD
	TEST LOCATION: Refer to Figure 1 DATE:											20/6/23	
	DRILL TYPE: RGS Ute Mounted Drill Rig EASTING: SURFACE RL:												
BOREHOLE DIAMETER: 100 mm							CLINATION: 90° NORTHING:		DATUM:				AHD
	Dri	Iling and Sa	mpling	1		_	Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	-
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (Not measured	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor component		MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
AD/T	Not Encountered		TOPSOIL: Sandy Clayey SILT, low plasticity, dark brown, black, sand fine to medium grained, trace of roots.							S to F			TOPSOIL
	Not					ML	Sandy Clayey SILT: low plasticity, dark br black, sand fine to medium grained.		M > W	F	-		COLLUVIUM — — — — — — — HP=50-70kPa
	0.4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				× × × × × × × × ×	ML	0.50m Sandy SILT: low plasticity, pale brown, sar medium grained.	 nd fine to	– – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	S	_		HP=<10kPa Wet Silt but no water in hole
AC-02-1 202						СН	0.70m CLAY: medium to high plasticity, grey, pale orange brown mottling with some sand fine grained.			St	HP	170 150	RESIDUAL
		U		- - 1.0_							HP HP	120 180	
		<u>1.20m</u>	_	- - 1.2							HP	200	
				- - 1.4		GC	^{1.30m} Clayey GRAVEL: fine to coarse grained, g grey, white, pale orange brown, clay mediu plasticity.		M	D to VD	HP	240	EXTREMELY WEATHERED SILTSTONE
				1.6	00 0	1	1.50m Hole Terminated at 1.50 m Practical refusal on Rock						
				- - 1.8									
				-									
LEC	GEND:			Notes, Sa	mples an	d Tests	<u> </u> <u>6</u>	Consiste	ncy		<u>U</u>	CS (kPa	a) Moisture Condition
	<u>ter</u> Wa (Da - Wa € Wa	ater Level ate and time s ater Inflow ater Outflow <u>anges</u>	shown)	U₅₀ CBR E ASS B	50mm Bulk s Enviro Acid S Bulk S	n Diame ample nmenta	z eter tube sample for CBR testing al sample Soil Sample	VS VS F F St S VSt V Fb F	/ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff Hard Friable		<2 25 50 10 20 >4	25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet D W _p Plastic Limit D W _L Liquid Limit
	Gradational or transitional strata Definitive or distict strata change Field T PID DCP(x- HP			DCP(x-y)	Photoi Dynan	nic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	<u>Density</u>	V L MC D VD	Lo M D	ery Lo bose lediun ense ery De	n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% e Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%



Dynamic Cone Penetrometer

Project Nu	umber.	RGS
TOJECTIN	JINDEI.	KO3

er: RG\$03366.1

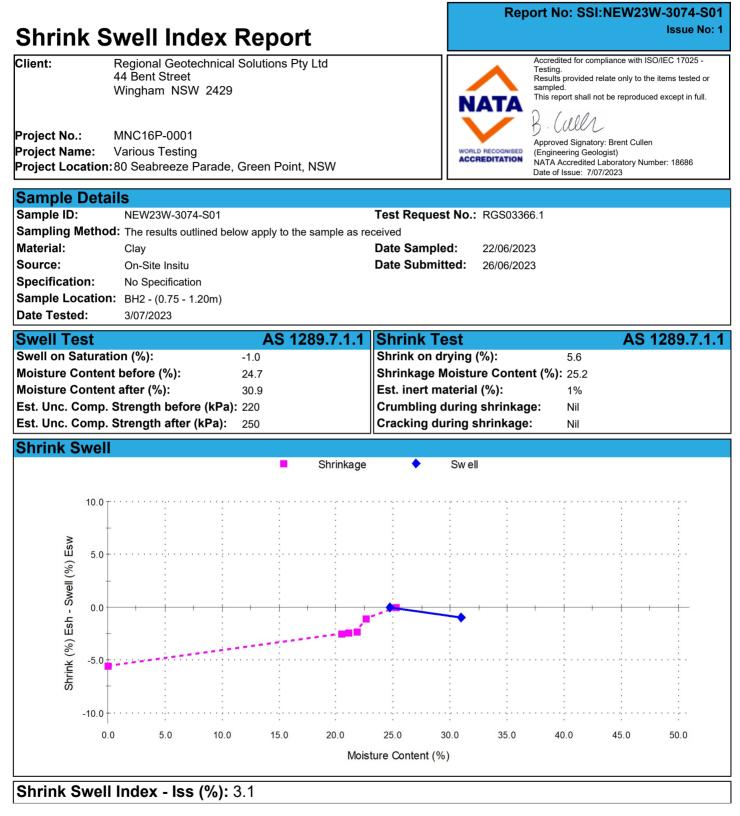
Date: 21/7/23

Client	Coast Building Company									
Project	Proposed Dwelling									
Location	80 Seabreeze Parade, Green point									
Test Details:	Hammer N Hammer c	s per AS1289 6.3.2 Surface Level								
		Test N	umber and	blows reco	orded per 1	00mm		Comments		
Depth to base of test section (mm)	DCPA							(soil type, general information)		
0 - 100	2									
200	4									
300	6									
400	3									
500	2									
600	2									
700	1									
800	2									
900	4									
1000	3									
1100	7									
1200	14									
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Comments

Form No: 18932, Report No: SSI:NEW23W-3074-S01